	root	

a leaf is found: root



	0				
--	---	--	--	--	--

0		
0		



a leaf is found: root





call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X~139/100:Y~3641/1000), R+. structure view:

0 1

data view:

	2		
1	0	root	

a leaf is found: root





0 1 2

	2		
	0	root	
1			
3			

a leaf is found: root





call INSERT with rectangle $\#\texttt{S}(\texttt{P}:\texttt{X} \ \texttt{1659/1000}:\texttt{Y} \ \texttt{1403/500}),$ R+. structure view:

$0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3$	
-----------------	--

data view:

	2	
	4	
	root	
1		
3		

a leaf is found: root

 $0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3$



call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X~204/125:Y~811/250), R+. structure view:

		0	1	2	3	4
--	--	---	---	---	---	---

data view:



a leaf is found: root

 $0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4$

the leaf root is full, need to split.

call SPLIT-NODE with R+ node newnode

generate partition rectangles.

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis x and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(3\ 1\ 0) - (2\ 5\ 4)$

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(3\ 1\ 0) - (4\ 5\ 2)$

call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X~1571/1000:Y~689/250), R+. structure view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 6: a leaf is found: B

3

2	4	5	



call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X 129/40:Y 611/500), R+. structure view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 7: a leaf is found: B

_					
4	2	4	5	6	

the node B is not full, add the record.

data view:



call INSERT with rectangle $\#\texttt{S}(\texttt{P}:\texttt{X} \ \texttt{2651/1000}:\texttt{Y} \ \texttt{1099/500}),$ R+. structure view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 8: a leaf is found: B

2 4	5	6	7
-------	---	---	---

the leaf B is full, need to split.

call SPLIT-NODE with R+ node new node

generate partition rectangles.

data view:

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis x and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(2\ 6\ 5)$ — $(4\ 8\ 7)$

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(7\ 8\ 6) - (4\ 5\ 2)$

call INSERT with rectangle $\#S(P:X\ 1039/1000:Y\ 3177/1000),$ R+. structure view:



data view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 9: a leaf is found: A

0 1 3	
-------	--



call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X 3247/1000:Y 63/200), R+. structure view:





it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 10: a leaf is found: C

6 7	8		
-----	---	--	--



call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X~217/250:Y~212/125), R+. structure view:





it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 11: a leaf is found: A

	_	_		_
0	1	3	9	



call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X~2/5:Y~277/1000), R+. structure view:





it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 12: a leaf is found: A

0	1	3	9	11
---	---	---	---	----

the leaf A is full, need to split.

call SPLIT-NODE with R+ node newnode

generate partition rectangles.

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis x and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(3\ 1\ 12) - (11\ 9\ 0)$

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(12\ 3\ 1) - (11\ 0\ 9)$

call INSERT with rectangle #S(P : X 1927/1000 : Y 296/125), R+.structure view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 13: a leaf is found: C

3

12

6	7	8	10	

 \mathbf{C}

7

10

the node C is not full, add the record.

data view:



call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X~353/500:Y~2233/1000), R+. structure view:



data view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 14: a leaf is found: A

0	9	11		
---	---	----	--	--

the node A is not full, add the record.



a leaf is found: D

1 3 12

the node D is not full, add the record.

call INSERT with rectangle $\#S(P:X \ 3091/1000:Y \ 271/200), R+.$ structure view:



data view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 15: a leaf is found: C

6 7 8	10	13
-------	----	----

the leaf C is full, need to split.

call SPLIT-NODE with R+ node new node

generate partition rectangles.

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis x and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. (6 13 8) — (15 7 10)

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(10\ 7\ 15) - (8\ 13\ 6)$

call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X 193/500:Y 1663/500), R+. structure view:



data view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 16: a leaf is found: D

1	3	12	14	
L	5	14	14	



call INSERT with rectangle #S(P:X~482/125:Y~91/25), R+. structure view:



data view:



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 17: a leaf is found: B

2 4	5	6	
-----	---	---	--







it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 18: a leaf is found: B

2 4 5	6	17
-----------	---	----

the leaf B is full, need to split.

call SPLIT-NODE with R+ node newnode

generate partition rectangles.

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis x and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(2\ 6\ 5) - (4\ 17\ 18)$

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(6\ 4\ 5) - (18\ 17\ 2)$

Split the entries into the two areas.

call SPLIT-NODE with R+ node new node

generate partition rectangles.

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis x and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. (D A F) — (B E C)

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. (A C D) — (E B F)



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 19: it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 19: a leaf is found: C

7 10 15





it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 20: it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 20: a leaf is found: E







it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 21: it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 21: a leaf is found: A



the node A is not full, add the record.



it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 21: a leaf is found: E

6 8 13 20





it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 22: it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 22: a leaf is found: F







it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 23: it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 23: a leaf is found: C

7 10 15 19





it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 24: it is an interval node, we descent to all childs which intersect the rectangle 24: a leaf is found: D



the leaf D is full, need to split.

call SPLIT-NODE with R+ node newnode

generate partition rectangles.

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis x and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(3\ 1\ 16) - (12\ 24\ 14)$

sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. sort the rectangle by their low bounds wrt. axis y and divide them w.r.t fill factor 3. $(12\ 3\ 1) - (14\ 24\ 16)$

